Docket No.: 100051.11211 Appl. Number: 11/611,533
PATENT Filed: 06/30/2003

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel claims 4-7, 14-18, 24-28, 32, and 34-38 without prejudice.

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- (Previously presented) An in vitro method of screening an individual for metastatic
 colorectal cancer cells or metastatic stomach cancer cells or metastatic esophageal cancer
 cells comprising the step of examining a sample of extraintestinal tissue and/or body fluids
 from an individual to determine whether CDX1 is being expressed by cells in said sample
 wherein expression of said CDX1 indicates a possibility of metastatic colorectal cancer cells
 or metastatic stomach cancer cells or metastatic esophageal cancer cells in said sample.
- (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein expression of said CDX1 by said cells
 is determined by detecting the presence of CDX1 gene transcription product.
- (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein expression of said CDX1 by said cells
 is determined by polymerase chain reaction wherein said sample is contacted with primers
 that selectively amplify CDX1 gene transcript or cDNA generated therefrom.
- 4-7. (Canceled)
- (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein said sample is a lymph node sample.
- (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the individual has previously been diagnosed with having colorectal, stomach or esophageal cancer.
- (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the individual has previously been diagnosed with and treated for colorectal, stomach or esophageal cancer

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11. (Original) An in vitro method of screening an individual for metastatic colorectal cancer or metastatic stomach cancer or metastatic esophageal cancer comprising the step of examining a sample of extraintestinal tissue and/or body fluids from an individual to determine whether CDX1 gene transcription or translation product is present in said sample wherein the presence of CDX1 gene transcription or translation product in said sample indicates that the individual may have metastatic colorectal cancer or metastatic stomach cancer or metastatic esophageal cancer.

- 12. (Original) The method of claim 11 comprising the steps of examining a sample of extraintestinal tissue and/or body fluids from an individual to determine whether CDX1 gene transcription product is present in said sample.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 12 wherein the presence of CDX1 gene transcription product is determined by polymerase chain reaction wherein said sample is contacted with primers that selectively amplify CDX1 gene transcript or cDNA generated therefrom.

14-18. (Canceled)

- 19. (Original) The method of claim 11 wherein the individual has previously been diagnosed with having colorectal, stomach or esophageal cancer.
- (Original) The method of claim 11 wherein the individual has previously been diagnosed with and treated for colorectal, stomach or esophageal cancer

21-28. (Canceled)

29. (Previously presented) A method of diagnosing an individual who has metastatic esophageal cancer in an individual who has previously been diagnosed with having esophageal cancer comprising the step of examining a body fluid or lymph node sample to

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detect the presence of CDX1 transcript or translation product wherein the presence of CDX1 transcript or translation product in said sample indicates that the individual has metastatic esophageal cancer.

- (Previously presented) The method of claim 29 comprising the step of examining said sample to determine whether CDX1 gene transcription product is present in said sample.
- 31. (Original) The method of claim 30 wherein the presence of CDX1 gene transcription product is determined by polymerase chain reaction wherein said sample is contacted with primers that selectively amplify CDX1 gene transcript or cDNA generated therefrom.
- 32-38. (Canceled).
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 29 wherein said sample is a lymph node sample.